

Liquid Crystals, a laboratory to General Relativity

M. Simões

Departamento de Física,
Universidade Estadual de Londrina,
Campus Universitário, 86051-990 - Londrina (PR), Brazil.

It will be shown that the theory of the gravitational field, described by the general relativity, and the theory of the liquid crystals, as described by Hess and Simões [D. Baalss and S. Hess, Phys. Rev. Lett. 57, 86 1986. M. Simões, A. de Campos, D. Barbato. Phys. Rev. E 75, 061710, 2007], share surprisingly similarities; it is possible to formulate the principles of both theories using alike statements, leading to the establishment of a detailed correspondence between some aspects of them. As consequence, some textures of the nematic liquid crystals could be described by an Einstein-like equation where the elastic stress tensor substitutes the energy momentum tensor. Furthermore, the flat limit of such equation is a generalization of the Poisson equation describing textures originated from liquid crystal's defects, in which their dependence of the temperature could be straightforwardly obtained.